





the person who is alleged to have furnished him with the extract of a private letter which he published, and which was in the following words: "The banks should be left to their fate: we have got them on the hip, and must keep them there."

If the editor of the Evening Journal will publish in his paper the name of the man who saw Mr. Cambreleng's letter in the hands of the Governor, and who gave him the above sentences as extracts from that letter, we are authorized to say that the Comptroller will place in our hands the original letter of Mr. C. for publication. And to show that he is fully warranted in doing so he has given us the following note from Mr. C.:

New York, 27th May, 1837.

My dear Sir—Should you deem it expedient, I have not the least objection to your publishing the letter. I submit it entirely to your discretion and judgment.

Very truly yours,  
C. C. CAMBRELENG.

A. C. Flagg, Esq., "

## BOSTON MORNING POST.

SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1837.

The following collation of two passages, pretended to be contradictory, or inconsistent, is from the *New York Express*, and is going the round of all the Federal papers:—

(Mr Van Buren—one week.)

"Several of the States have not yet chosen their Representatives, and are not to do so for some time to come. INDEPENDENT OF THAT CONSIDERATION, I do not see, at present, sufficient reasons to justify me in requiring an EARLIER MEETING THAN THAT APPOINTED BY THE CONSTITUTION."—*Reply to the New York Committee.*

(Mr Van Buren—one week after.)

"Whereas, GREAT AND WEIGHTY MATTERS, claiming the consideration of the Congress of the United States, FORM AN EXTRAORDINARY OCCASION for convening THEM, (!!!) I do by these presents, appoint the first Monday of September next, for THEIR meeting at the city of Washington."—*Proclamation for Congress.*

The first was written when the Federal banks paid specie for demands against them, and when it was not anticipated that they would do otherwise. The last was written, after all the Federal banks, from Maine to Florida, had refused to pay specie for their bills and deposits, and when all the Federal merchants had declined to pay specie or its equivalent, the legal tender of the country, for duty bonds and other debts to government. In the first case, there was no necessity, whatever, for an extra session of Congress. In the latter, a crisis had arrived, of the most vital importance to the government and the country; and this crisis imperiously demanded an early meeting of that body.

If a merchant, conscious of his solvency and his power to meet all liabilities, should to-day think it unnecessary and unwise to declare himself a bankrupt; and if to-morrow a fire should consume his warehouses and his merchandise, leaving him destitute of property, would there be any inconsistency or absurdity, to-morrow, in his failing, and declaring himself unable to pay his debts? A radical change of circumstances, in a week, or in twenty-four hours, is as important as such a change after the expiration of a year, or of fifty years. Every man of common sense sees this plainly enough. We do not notice this whig nonsense, because it will do any harm, but in order to expose the Federal whig dishonesty, their low and pitiful attempts to deceive, and their own mean estimate of the capacities of their whig readers!

**Text.**—"The universal currency of the country at this moment is PAPER—PAPER ON LOCAL BANKS. Slaves and savages; the citizens of Spain and Turkey and Africa, are the only people who use any other—and till we are reduced to the condition of Africa, Turkey, and Spain, by the 'humane efforts' of Jackson and Van Buren, we shall continue to use a Paper Currency."—*Boston Atlas.*

**Comment.**—"I PROTEST TO BE A BULLIONIST, IN THE USUAL AND ACCEPTED SENSE OF THAT WORD. I AM FOR A SPECIE BASIS FOR OUR CIRCULATION, AND FOR SPECIE AS A PART OF THE CIRCULATION, SO FAR AS IT MAY BE PRACTICABLE AND CONVENIENT. I AM FOR GIVING NO VALUE TO PAPER, MERELY AS PAPER. I ABHOR PAPER; THAT IS TO SAY IRREDEEMABLE PAPER—PAPER THAT MAY NOT BE CONVERTED INTO GOLD OR SILVER AT THE WILL OF THE HOLDER."—*Daniel Webster.*

Which will the Atlas put Mr Webster down—a Turk, an African, or a Spaniard—a Slave or a Savage?—*Boston Post.*

**Here's the True Doctrine,** chalked out plain by the Richmond Enquirer—we subscribe to it in toto, and so will every true democrat:—

"The great labor should now be, to resume specie payments as soon as possible. Every preparation should be made for this important event. If the States will exercise their authorities wisely, we may terminate at no distant day the present derangement of the Currency—All necessary restrictions on the existing Banks—No new Banks to be chartered—No small notes to be issued—as a future permanent system, the small notes to be abolished as fast and as far as possible—Prudence in the management of our private concerns—Economy in expense, and industry in production, will contribute to relieve the country from embarrassment—enable debtors to discharge their debts—the dealers to curtail their notes in Bank—and the Banks to call in their paper; and prepare the way for the resumption of specie payments.

We shall get on, without any National Bank—which is incompatible with the Constitution, and is armed with powers dangerous to a Republic. Besides, if it be constituted as the last Bank was, it cannot remove the difficulties attendant on the expansion and contraction of the Currency. If it expands, so would the State Banks—and when it contracts, so will they contract."

The whig papers appear determined to breed a famine—they will have it that every body is starving, or going to the Poor House. They thrust a lot of families into the L. an Alms House the other day which the Overseers knew nothing about, and could not find when they looked for them. The whigs say that no employment can be found, and people must die of want—yet the farmers all over the country are calling for help—in Dutchess county New York, alone, hundreds of laborers are wanted, while a large number are advertised for in Pennsylvania—indeed, there is labor enough to be done, and if those who have thronged the cities for a few years, but are now idle there, will only step back a few miles they will find a plenty to do and enough to eat, and become much more independent and happy than they are now.

**Correction.**—Mr Smith, the mate of the bark Triton, which returned to Providence on account of a mutiny among her crew, a few days since, requests us to contradict the report which is going the rounds of the papers of his being concerned in it. He was not brought home in irons, as published in the Providence papers and copied into the Post.

The *New York Tailor* is sewing up some rips in certain gentlemen's pockets through which the money of the Tailorless has slipped out.

Mr Clark B. Stedman, has been appointed Postmaster at Wilbraham in the place of William Knight Esq. resigned.—*Hamden Whig.*

**Cruel Treatment of a Factory Boy.**—A fellow by the name of Bottomly, Superintendent of a Manufactory, in Kensington, Pa., has recently been convicted of a barbarous assault, on Edward Simpson, a lad aged 11 years, and employed in the Factory. The boy had been absent two days, and sent his brother as a substitute, but on his return to the factory, the reasons which he gave for being absent were not satisfactory to Bottomly, who commenced beating him with a board till it was broken in pieces. He then took up a piece of a lid of a barrel, and struck the boy with the edge of it, till he became insensible. He was bruised from the head to the knees, and in some places the flesh was cut and torn. The boy was then set to work, and the blood that flowed from his wounds congealed, and glued his shirt to them!

**First Principles.**—There is a certain old Betty, well known among the street politicians of our city, who cant allude to Dearborn's watering wagon, or the curb stone of a side-walk, without talking about "first principles." He must be a descendant of the member of Parliament mentioned in the following anecdote from the memoirs of Sir John Sinclair:—"During a debate on ship-building some tedious speaker entered on a historical detail, in which, commencing with Noah's ark, he traced the progress of the art regularly downwards. When he came to build the Spanish Armada, Sir Gray inadvertently awoke the slumbering Premier, who enquired at what era the honorable gentleman had arrived. Being answered 'We are now in the reign of Queen Elizabeth.' 'Dear Sir Grey,' said he, 'why not let me sleep a century or two more?'"

For the Boston Morning Post.

**Mr Greene.**—As the design of reporting and publishing weekly, the state of the associated banks in Boston, is to communicate information to the public, and that candidly and fully, I wish to enquire of the Secretary, whether the line of "circulation" includes the bank notes on interest, payable on a future day, or only the actual circulation of the ordinary bank bills, payable on demand. If the former, which I presume is the case, I would hint, that it would be much more satisfactory, and would enable the public better to judge of the course pursued by the banks, if those two items were given separately. EXAMINER.

**Mr Burleigh,** one of the hissing hot abolitionists, in his speech on Thursday before an anti-slavery society, said—"The threat about dissolution has become an old story, so stale, so old, that the birds come and light upon it. It reminds me of a story of a child, whom his mother promised to whip, but he was perfectly unconcerned about it, and remarked to another child, Mother has told me twenty times before, that she was going to whip me, but didn't do it—I don't care."

We suspect that Mr Burleigh is himself the unwhipped boy he refers to, for it is an old adage—"spare the rod and spoil the child," and we should think he was spoiled very young.

The promptness and punctuality with which all the whig banks throughout the country suspended specie payments, at the same time, show a previous concert and determination among the whig and bank leaders. The plan was a deep one, its great object being, first, to embarrass the government, and second to effect the charter of another monster, a new National Bank, through which the bank aristocracy may gain and hold the power, and ride the people, saddled and bridled, according to their good pleasure. But the real representatives of the people are not so soon to be taken in by such shallow artifices.

**Athens.**—By an advertisement in this day's paper, it will be seen that the Panorama of Athens, which has been rolled up for many years in Harvard College, is now open to the public, in the Riding school, near Mill Dam Bridge. We understand it covers a surface of many thousand feet of canvass, and the building has been fitted up expressly for it—public curiosity has been long excited to see this Panorama which was the magnificent gift of T. Lyman, Jr. Esq., to the college.

**Roman Toasts.**—When the Romans toasted their mistresses, they drank as many glasses as the beauty had letters in her name. Hence the line in Martial—"Six cups to Novia, Justina seven." So far very well, but then how essentially *spifflicated* would a bean of 1837 become before he had got through with Josephine Annamaria Augustine Margaretta Higginbottom Bloomingdale! Egad, he'd have to drink his lady love's health in a hoghead.

**Ten Dollars Reward** will be paid for the apprehension and conviction of the villain or villains who left at a gentleman's dwelling house in Williams Street, on Thursday evening last, between the hours of 8 and 10, five BROOK TROUT, the eldest aged about 2 1/2 pounds! The perpetrators of this atrocious outrage are hereby cautioned against a renewal of it, as a warm reception is in store for them. 5 f i s h

It appears by the official announcement of the Boston Postmaster, that his visit to Washington has caused the Postmaster General to "haul in his horns" in some little degree at least.—*N. Y. Gazette.*

You had better say "caused the TEN CENT REVOLUTIONISTS to drop their tails."—*Boston Post.*

**The Tin Trumpet** gives an excellent hit at the poets of the day. "Twenty-two bad poets have already written epigrams upon Walter Scott. What a gain would it be to the world if Sir Walter were now writing theirs."

A man pulled another's nose for telling him that he lied, in Dedham, the other day. About right. If one is determined to indulge in such expressions of his opinions, he should soap his proboscis.

The editor of the Mercantile Journal is as much puzzled to find out the meaning of a line in our paper as George the Third was to ascertain how the apples got into the dumplings.

We shall publish Mr Rogers's unrivalled Report before the Pennsylvania Convention, entire, in a few days. In a late discussion in that body he shattered John Sargeant worse than old Ironsides did the Guerriere.

I say Pat, what are you writing there in such a large hand? 'Arrah honey, an' it's but it's your poor mother, who is very deaf, that I'm writing a loud letter."

Grove Hall is now buried in a cloud of blossoms.

Flagg draws out his chair upon the lawn, and from the "shadowy fragrance" of the teeming foliage pours forth an uninterrupted flow of bon-mots.

The "Mountain Sylph" is to be brought out at the National on Tuesday night, for the benefit of Miss Johnson, who will personate the Sylph.

**Mr Editor.**—Sir, the person I had my conversation with, was represented by a boy behind the counter to be Mr William Watson. S. SAWYER.

**Sound Steamboats.**—The arrangements of the Rail Road Line for June are somewhat changed from those of the preceding month. Travellers will therefore bear in mind that the Massachusetts, Capt. Comstock, and the Rhode Island, Capt. Thayer, will leave New York and Providence every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, crossing in the Sound. These steamers were built last year and are of the largest class. They are fitted up in elegant style and have become universal favorites with the public. The President, Capt. Child, will leave New York and Providence, alternately, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday. This boat gained a substantial reputation under the direction of Capt. Barker, and this season has been thoroughly repaired and much improved.—*Traveller.*

## POLICE COURT.

**Amalgamation.**—A great piece of cruelty was perpetrated upon a pair of practical Abolitionists yesterday. Jonathan Trippet, as black as Erebus, and Elizabeth Everett, as fair as a lily, were charged with unlawful cohabitation, in the similitude of man-and-wife. In their defence, they averred, that they had been lawfully wedded, and, in proof, produced the following certificate:—

"Commonwealth of Massachusetts.—I hereby certify that I have on this day joined in holy wedlock, according to the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Mr Jonathan Trippet to Miss Elizabeth Everett, and that they are now Husband and Wife. JOHN WILLIAMS, Justice of the Peace within and for the County of Suffolk."

There was good reason to believe that both had lawfully wedded partners living, and for the double purpose of gaining time to procure witnesses to this effect, and to commence a prosecution against the magistrate who performed the marriage certified to above, the further hearing of the case was postponed till Monday week. By the Statute, the marriage of a black and a white is "absolutely void," and the party performing the ceremony is liable, upon indictment and conviction, to a heavy penalty. The prisoners were committed to jail.

Joseph Higgins looked something like a human being; but as his hair was matted and clothed with gore, his eye cut open, and his entire countenance bathed in blood, it was not easy to discern to which species of the genus homo he belonged. His plea—"It's nuthin' at all but I'd be knowin' uv the matter," was all the light that he could throw upon the subject. The watch testified, that they went into Broad street to still a row, and found Higgins prostrate, with another man, coolly sitting on his face, and pounding him in the ribs, as deliberately as a stone-cutter would sit down and hammer away upon a piece of granite. When the watch got him up, and attempted to assist him home, he gave battle, and struck Sargent, who displayed great forbearance, a smug blow in the face, for which the Court fined him \$10.00, and costs.

While the watch were taking care of Higgins, they were saluted with a volley of bricksbats, from a party of his friends. Watchman McElenahan received a severe wound in the left, and was disabled for duty. Thomas Fahney, being in his shirt sleeves, was the only rioter that could identify, and after a sharp race they fastened upon him. The only notice that he deigned to take of the main witness was to remark—"All I have to say is, that you are a d—n liar." He was ordered to give bonds to appear at the Municipal Court.

In speaking of this case, His Honor was pleased to observe, that "the summer campaign had commenced" and it is a well known fact, that on summer nights, Broad is more particularly the scene of bloody contests with the watch.

**Disqualifying a Witness.**—After Frank had read our Police Report yesterday, he said—"If a Watchman should use me as Pierce did the defendants, I'd disqualify him for testifying, pretty quick." How so, said we? "Why, I'd give him such a pair of blue spectacles, that he would not be able to see who's who for one six months, at least," replied Frank.

**BY THE STEAMBOAT MAIL OF YESTERDAY.**

Stocks continue to fall in New York. U. S. Bank sold on Thursday at 101 1/2. It was said that the packets which sailed on the 1st inst, took out nearly half a million in specie.

**Later from France.**—The packet ship Charlemagne, which left the port of Havre on the 18th of April, arrived off Montauk Point on Wednesday morning. A passenger left her in a fishing vessel, and arrived in New York on Thursday morning. There had been no arrivals at Havre from the U. S. since the 1st of April, and great impatience for American news prevailed. There was no political news of any interest. We have been favored with the following extract of a letter and account of the markets:—

**Havre, April 14.**—We have no improvement to notice in business in general. Cotton continues quite dull, and we quote a decline of four to six centimes on the price paid two days ago. The sale of manufactured goods far from becoming better presents each day a new decline, and prices for Twist and Calico are now much under what they were in 1831, while the raw material is 12 to 15c dearer.

We see no near prospect for any change for the better. Sales since the 1st will amount to 10 000 bales. No arrivals, and our present stock is 70 000 bales.

The easterly winds have prevented all arrivals from your side since the arrival of the Charlemagne. Nothing new in Pot or Pearl ashes.

Coffee remains firm, a lot of 1070 bags good Porto Rico, recently imported from your place, have been sold at 73 3/4 centimes.

Whalebone is declining, and we doubt if 16.80 centimes could be obtained for a parcel of any importance of American fishery. We are afraid there will be no packet in port to sail on the 24th.

A slip from the Richmond Compiler of the 29th ult. contains an account of a highway robbery committed on Mr E. V. Sparhawk, of that city, last Saturday evening, as early as half-past nine. Mr S. was knocked down by several blows on the head, his under jaw broken, and his splintered—his clothes almost dyed in the blood flowing from his wounds. Having deprived Mr S. of his ability to resist, the robber rifled his pockets of \$5 in silver and a penknife with his name on it.

**Municipal.**—At a meeting of the Common Council on Thursday evening:—

Messrs Waters, Savage and Piper were appointed on the part of the Council a committee of conference on the subject of the disagreement between the two branches of the City Council respecting the orders for the erection of a new engine house for Engine Co. No 12.

The following order was read a second time and passed in concurrence:—

**Ordered,** That the joint committee on public buildings be a committee with full power to purchase a lot of land on Cross street, with a wooden building thereon, belonging to J. Noyes, at a cost not exceeding \$3500, and to erect thereon a brick building suitable for the accommodation of two primary Schools at a price not exceeding \$2500, provided it shall be deemed inexpedient to fit up the wooden building now standing for said schools.

The committee on the petition of the Seaboard Branch Railroad Company for the use of the city's lands near Pleasant street for a depot, reported that it is inexpedient to take any order on the subject and ask leave to be discharged. Accepted.

An ordinance establishing the office of Superintendent of common Sewers, was read a second time and unanimously passed.

Messrs Luther Faulkner, George Darracott, Daniel Hastings, William T. Andrews and Billings Briggs were re-elected Overseers of the House of Correction.

Charles Robbins was unanimously re-appointed Master of the same institution.

Adjourned to Thursday evening, the 29th inst.—and 8 o'clock that evening was assigned for the choice of City Solicitor.

**Anniversaries.**—The weather has been delightful during the week. The various religious societies, which have held their anniversaries, have consequently been highly favored. The city has been thronged with visitors, and many have come here to attend the celebrations, and they appear to be disposed to consider the world as still standing and likely to endure, we hope the commercial community will pluck up courage, and hand in their advertisements, as if nothing had happened to interfere with pecuniary matters. The speakers at these meetings are nothing daunted by the cry of hard times, they mean that the world shall be reformed—every misery and vice extirpated, and we do not see any other way than for merchants to go to work again, and earn money to sustain them.—*Courier.*

**Melancholy Accident.**—A young lad six or seven years of age, son of John Burke, of this town, was run over by a loaded team on Saturday last, and instantly killed. The wheel passed directly over his head and crushed it in a shocking manner. The lad a few moments before the accident asked the teamster if he might ride, and on being told no, that he would get hurt, he passed behind the wagon and was seen no more till just as the wheel was passing over his head. The teamster supposes the boy attempted to get upon the load on the off side, between the wheels, and losing his hold, fell, his head directly in the track of the wheel.—*Hamden Whig.*

From the Baltimore Commercial Transcript.

**Public Meeting.**—Pursuant to notice previously given, a large meeting was held last evening in Monument Square, to consider the present state of things, and the suspension of specie payments by the Banks. Mr B. H. Richardson was appointed President, and opened the meeting with a brief address; he was followed by Messrs Preston and Le Grand. The latter gentleman read a series of resolutions, reprehending the course of the banks, which we presume will be published; and another gentleman of the same party, as we are informed, offered another set of resolves, proposing the establishment of a National Bank, which were not received. After voting upon and adopting the first mentioned resolutions, the meeting adjourned, having been conducted with the utmost propriety and decorum throughout its deliberations.

**ORDER OF PROCESSION.**  
For the CXXIXth Anniversary of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company, on Monday, June 5, 1837.

Escort—y the Company.  
His Excellency, the Governor, and Suit.  
President of the Senate and Speaker of the House.  
Secretary and Treasurer of the State.  
Chaplain of the Day and President of Harvard University.  
Members of Congress.  
Officers of the Army, Navy and Marines.  
Judges of the United States and 4 State Courts.  
Attorney General.  
Judges of the Municipal and Common Pleas Courts.  
S. rangers Invited.  
Foreign Consuls.  
Clergymen who have preached the Election Sermons.  
Mayor and Aldermen.  
President of the Common Council.  
Collector, Navy Agent, Postmaster, District Attorney and Marshal.  
Honorary Members.

The procession will be formed at the Doric Hall of the State House, precisely at noon. The sermon will be preached at the Church, in Chancery place by the Rev. Artemus B. Muzzey, of Cambridge. Seats will be provided for ladies at 11 o'clock. By order of the Committee of Arrangements.

THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE A. & H. A. COMPANY, the present year, Maj. Gen. Samuel Chandler, of Lexington, Captain, Brig. Gen. A. W. Odium, of Pembroke, 1st Lieut. Col. Francis R. Bigelow, of Boston, 2d Lieutenant, Col. A. P. Pritchard, of Charlestown, Adjutant.

**NOTICE.**—PARTICULAR NOTICE.—We have ascertained that some of our late carriers have been in the habit of selling the Post, mornings, on their own account. This is to caution all persons against buying any of our papers of said carriers, or any one else, except at the office, on pain of being PROSECUTED FOR PURCHASING AND RECEIVING STOLEN GOODS. FIVE DOLLARS REWARD will be paid to any individual who shall give such information as will lead to the conviction either of the THIEF or the RECEIVER. We have our eyes on several already. my24 1stf BEALS & GREENE.

**NOTICE.**—The regular monthly meeting of the Boston R. C. M. Society, will be held at Montgomery Hall, No. 5 Devonshire street, on MONDAY EVENING next, at half past seven o'clock. A personal attendance is requested as business of importance is to be done before the meeting.

BARNARD MCGINISKIN, S. c. ry.

**NOTICE.**—The stockholders of the PATENT GORK MANUFACTORY are hereby notified that an adjourned meeting will be held on FRIDAY next, 5th inst, at 4 o'clock P. M. at No 1 Commercial wharf, over the Tremont Insurance Office, for the choice of officers and to transact such other business as may come before them.

CHARLES HENSHAW, President.

**HANDEL AND HAYDN SOCIETY.**—The members of the Handel and Haydn Society are requested to meet at Boylston Hall, on SUNDAY Evening next, at 7 o'clock for rehearsal with the Orchestra. J. H. BELCHER, Sec'y.

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**MARRIED.**  
In this city, by Rev Mr Streeter, Mr Charles Wentworth to Miss Eliza Ann Bond.

Thursday morning, by Rev Mr Towne, Mr Swain Winkley to Miss Harriet N. Harmon.

At Frammingham, by Rev Mr Barry, Rev Barzillai Frost, of Concord, to Miss Elmira, daughter of the late Daniel Stone, of the former place.

3

**DIED.**  
In this city, Romanzo Warwick, youngest son of Mr Levi V. R. Moore, 9 mos.

At Medford, Charles Albert, youngest child of Horatio and Elizabeth Smith, 15 mos.

3

**IMPORTATIONS.**

MATANZAS. Brig Levant—100 kx 12 hf do 2 bbls sugar, 207 bbls 10 to 13 bbls molasses, 73 bags coffee, 15 pumpkins.

NEW ORLEANS. Brig Camero—272 bbls pork, 2357 pigs lead, 59 bbls flour, 539 bales cotton.

3

**MINIATURE ALMANAC—Saturday, June 3.**

| Rises. | Sets.   | Moons. | High Water. |
|--------|---------|--------|-------------|
| 4 24m  | 1 7 30m | 8 0 0m | 11 59m      |

**SHIP-NEWS—BOSTON, 1837.**

**FRIDAY, JUNE 2.**

**ARRIVED.**

Ship Louvre, Ranlett, New York.

Brig Levant, Nickerson, Matanzas, 17th ult.

Brig Camero, Cushman, New Orleans 11th, Pass 12th ult.

Spote, 26th, of Cape Hatteras, sch Rennie, Bradford, 18 da fm New Orleans for Baltimore.

Brig Cecilia, Eldridge, Eldridge, Baltimore.

Brig Lavina, Case, New York.

Brig Richmond, Packet, Bell, New York.

Sch Coral, Hicks, Richmond.

Sch New England, Rogers, Baltimore.

Sch Corner, Rogers, Baltimore.

Sch Silver Spring, Crowell, Philadelphia.

Sch Alexander, Hought, Philadelphia.

Sch Augustus, Lord, Knowlton, Philadelphia.

Sch Republic, Clark, Philadelphia.

Sch Canova, Lennan, New York.

Sch Empire, Baker, New York.

Sch Harvest, Phillips, New York.

Sch Dingo, Ramsell, Lubec.

Sloop Volant, Fordham, Brookhaven, NY.

Signals for 2 brigs.

**CLEARED.**

Ship Montgomery, Grace, New Orleans; brigs Maria, Seth May, Xibara; Union, Shubart, New Orleans; Sydney; brigs Ariadne, Townsend, Digby; Albion, Merritt; Ellen, Frost; Only Son, Barr, and Union Jack, Hobbs; do; Industry, M. Lellan, Windsor; Belvidere, Jacques, New Edinburgh; Hawkesbury, Broward; Sydney; Good Intent, Ellis, Annapolis; schs Eagle, Baxter, Baltimore; Superior, Lord, Ellsworth; Olive Branch, Clark, Bath; L. Grange, Herriman, Beverly; Enterprise, Hamilton, Nantucket; Nantucket, Myrick, do; Atlanta, Churchill, Plymouth.

Arr at Halifax, 17th ult, sch Samuel & James, Bears, of Harwich, in the fishing Banks, with 4 0 fish, put in to repair damage received in two severe gales, on the 23rd April, and 1st May.

Spoke, May 1st, sch —, Lot Roberts, of Boston, 4000 fah, 10th, H. Hingham, Chase, 11,000, (son of captain last overboard); Brutus, Bassett, of Charlestown, 12,000; Joy, Long, 7,000, Atlas, Nickerson, Duxbury, 6,000; N. Robbins, Harwich, 40 01; Clay, Bassett, Charlestown, 6,000.

19th—Arr sch Pierce, Johnson, Philadelphia, 12.

3

**FOREIGN PORTS.**

At Talcahuana, March 2, brig Garfield, Seymour, to com Idg for Rio Jane r soon.

At St Salvador, April 15, brigs Homer, and —, both of Salem, disg.

At Rio Janeiro, April 25, Courier, Wolfe, for New York, 26th; Solomon, Salis, Riddell, do, do; Admiral, Watkins, do, do; Indus, in Baltimore, sailed 24d for Rio Grande; Columbia, in do, use; Rose, Davis, in Pernambuco for Montevideo, 7 days; Canning, Davis, in do, for Rio Grande, soon; Virginit, from Montevideo, disg. beel. Going in, ship Cananda, Hicks, from Bordeaux, an Am brig, with billet head and painted ports, inside Ross Island, bound in.

Arr at Cadiz, April 17, Jane, Clark, Guaynquil.

Arr at Havre, April 16, Francois 1st, Phil, New York. At do 15th, X. H. Putnam, for New York, soon; Bangor, Dyer, do 26th; Hogarth, Crocker, New Orleans, soon; Jno Hale, Crowell, New York, do.

Arr at Hamilton, Bermuda, 11th ult, Grand Turk, Adams, fm Demerara.

At Ponce, 25th ult, Crusader, for New York, next day; Mary Averill, do 26d; Mary Hannah, do 26th; Cadmus, Walker, Kennebunk, do; Washington, Baltimore, Idg.

At Trinidad, 12th ult, Mary Ann, brig, 3 days; Toma, do 4; Pechonah, New York, 5—and others, rep'd by the Franklin, at this port. Sailed Emerald, Baltimore.

At St Johns, PR, 15th ult, Water Witch, for New York, Idg; Richmond, Philad, Idg.

At Havana 18th ult, Minerva, Marshall, fm Havre; Argosy, Philadelphia, fm Liverpool, are 1st day.

The report of the ship Curea's being at Havana is evidently a mistake—that vessel is now on her passage fm New York for Croustadt.

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**SPOKEN.**

March 1, in the Straits of Sunda, a ship, supposed the Constitution of Pinot, fm Manila for Antwerp.

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